1 Case No: SBN22-00250



STATE BAR OF NEVADA

BY: OFFICE OF BAR COUNSEL

## STATE BAR OF NEVADA SOUTHERN NEVADA DISCIPLINARY BOARD

STATE BAR OF NEVADA,

Complainant,

VS.

JOSEPH W. HOUSTON, Nevada Bar No. 1440

Respondent.

**PUBLIC REPRIMAND** 

On April 19, 2023, a Formal Hearing Panel of the Southern Nevada Disciplinary Board considered the above-referenced grievance. The Panel unanimously accepted the Conditional Guilty Plea and concluded that you should be issued a Public Reprimand for a violation of Rule of Professional Conduct ("RPC") 1.16 (Declining or Terminating Representation).

On November 30, 2021, C.W. filed a complaint for divorce against J.W. (hereinafter "Grievant"). On November 31, 2021, Grievant met with JOSEPH W. HOUSTON (hereinafter "Respondent") for an initial consultation and paid a \$250.00 consultation fee. Grievant was told that Respondent's retainer was \$5,000.00 and that he charged \$400.00 per hour. On December 2, 2021, Grievant mailed Respondent a \$5,000.00 check to retain him for legal services. On December 7, 2021, Grievant emailed Respondent to confirm receipt of the \$5,000.00 check and inquired about executing a retainer. Respondent stated that the retainer agreement would be

prepared and ready for his signature the next time Grievant visited his office. Grievant never visited Respondent's office again because on, about, or between December 2021 and April 2022, Grievant and C.W. reconciled their differences and decided to stay together.

On April 19, 2022, C.W. filed a Notice of Voluntary Dismissal. That same day, Grievant sent Respondent a copy of the Notice asking him to explain what that meant. On May 2, 2022, Respondent explained that the Court dismissed the case and offered to discuss the matter if he wished to pursue the divorce at any time. On May 12, 2022, Grievant emailed Respondent and stated that the divorce is no longer going forward and requested an accounting of the time billed, as well as a refund of any remaining funds from the \$5,000.00 retainer. On May 18, 2022, Respondent informed Grievant that he accepted the case on a flat fee basis and that he was not willing to provide a refund. Grievant believes that there was a complete misunderstanding of the \$5,000.00 being a flat fee.

On May 23, 2022, and May 29, 2022, Grievant emailed Respondent repeating his request for an accounting and a refund. On June 7, 2022, Grievant filed a complaint against Respondent with the State Bar. On June 13, 2022, the State Bar sent a Letter of Investigation ("LOI") to Respondent. After receiving the State Bar's LOI, Respondent sent Grievant an invoice for attorney's fees and issued a partial refund of \$1,295.00 on June 14, 2022. The invoice showed that Respondent billed Grievant for 9.25 hours at a rate of \$400.00 per hour. On June 20, 2022, Grievant disputed the invoice Respondent provided and requested an additional \$800.00 refund. On June 24, 2022, Respondent agreed to issue an additional refund of \$500.00.

RPC 1.16 (Declining or Terminating Representation) states, in pertinent part, that "[u]pon termination of representation, a lawyer shall take steps to the extent reasonably practicable to protect a client's interests, such as giving reasonable notice to the client, allowing time for

employment of other counsel, surrendering papers and property to which the client is entitled and refunding any advance payment of fee or expense that has not been earned or incurred." You refused to provide Grievant with a refund until the State Bar sent you an LOI. Under ABA Standard 7.2, suspension is generally appropriate when a lawyer knowingly engages in conduct that is a violation of a duty owed as a professional and causes injury or potential injury to a client, the public, or the legal system. This type of ethical breach caused potential injury to Grievant.

The Panel unanimously found that your substantial experience in the practice of law was an aggravating factor. See SCR 102.5(1)(i). The Panel also unanimously found that the following mitigating factors applied: (1) absence of a prior disciplinary record; (2) absence of a dishonest or selfish motive; (3) personal or emotional problems; and (4) full and free disclosure to disciplinary authority or cooperative attitude toward proceeding. See SCR 102.5(2). Based upon the aggravating and mitigating factors listed above, the Panel unanimously agreed that a downward deviation from the baseline sanction – ABA Standard 7.2 – was warranted.

## **DISCIPLINE IMPOSED**

In light of the foregoing, you are hereby PUBLICLY REPRIMANDED for violating RPC 1.16 (Declining or Terminating Representation). In addition, pursuant to SCR 120(3), you shall pay a \$1,500.00 fee plus the hard costs of the instant proceedings. You shall make such payment no later than thirty (30) days after receiving a billing from the State Bar.

DATED this 12th day of June, 2023.



Reed Werner (Jun 12, 2023 09:55 PDT)

**REED WERNER**, Esq., Panel Chair Southern Nevada Disciplinary Panel

## <u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>

The undersigned hereby certifies a true and correct copy of the **PUBLIC REPRIMAND** was electronically served upon:

- 1. Reed Werner, Esq. (Panel Chair): <a href="mailto:reed.werner@thehartford.com">reed.werner@thehartford.com</a>
- 2. Joseph W. Houston, Esq. (Respondent): jwh7408@yahoo.com
- 3. Gerard Gosioco, Esq. (Assistant Bar Counsel): <a href="mailto:gerardg@nvbar.org">gerardg@nvbar.org</a>

DATED this 12th day of June 2023.

Sonia Del Rio

Sonia Del Rio an employee of the State Bar of Nevada.

O