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T. Matthew Phillips 1 California State Bar No. 165833 2 (Not Licensed in Nevada) 3 No. XXX 4 Las Vegas, Nev. 89130 5 The Respondent— 6 7 8 DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION 9 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10 11 Case No: D-18-12 AFFIDAVIT of 13 Petitioner, T. MATTHEW PHILLIPS. 14 15 VS. 16 Next Hearing Date: 17 Jan. 30, 2025 (2:30 p.m.) T. MATTHEW PHILLIPS 18 19 Respondent. 20 **Dept.** "X" – **Judge Almase** 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Affidavit of T. Matthew Phillips, p. 1 of 6

<u>AFFIDAVIT of T. MATTHEW PHILLIPS</u>

My name is T. MATTHEW PHILLIPS. I am a party hereto. All the within allegations are true and correct of my own personal knowledge. If called upon to testify, I could and would give competent and truthful evidence.

- (1) I am a California attorney, (Calif. Bar No. 165833), in good standing for 33 consecutive years; I say this because, when I appear in front of a judicial body, I am required to identify myself as a lawyer. I am *not* licensed in Nevada.
- arguments I anticipate I might advance on Jan. 30, 2025. Out of an abundance of caution, I did not file a formal opposition because the court issued its own order, *sua sponte*, *i.e.*, without a motion from the other party; (EDCR 5.509 contemplates "motions" for OSC). In lieu of a formal opposition, I briefly contemplated a Rule 60 motion to vacate, but decided against it. Notably, the court's OSC does not direct me to file a responsive pleading. I presume the court, on Jan. 30, 2025, will examine me, deposition style, regarding the allegations of vexatiousness, and I shall faithfully respond to all questions. To create a record, I respectfully request that the court grant me leave to file, at this late date, this brief affidavit (approx. 1,176 words).
- (3) Notably, Nevada has no vexatious litigator statute. In this state, vexatious litigators are determined based on NRCP, Rule 11(b).
 - (4) In Nevada, there are three roads to vexatiousness—
 - (i) by presenting papers for "any *improper purpose*, such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation," [Rule 11(b)(1)];
 - (ii) by asserting "*legal contentions* [not] warranted by existing law," [Rule 11(b)(2)];
 - (iii) by asserting "factual contentions [that lack] evidentiary support," [Rule 11(b)(3)].

[See NRCP, Rule 11(b); (bold italics added)].

- (5) As to Rule 11(b)(1), I have never presented a paper for any improper purpose, *e.g.*, to harass, cause unnecessary delay; *rather*, all motions were filed for legitimate reasons, *e.g.*, to recover constitutional rights wrongfully taken. As to needlessly increase litigation costs, I believe that is not possible in this particular "D" case. Why?—because Plaintiff has no litigation costs, *i.e.*, she pays no attorney's fees; (Plaintiff receives the benefit of free legal services).
- (6) As to Rule 11(b)(2), I have never, in this "D" case or in any civil litigation, made a legal argument not warranted by existing law.
- (7) As to Rule 11(b)(3), I have never, in this "D" case or in any civil litigation, asserted a factual contention that lacks evidentiary support.
- (8) In federal court actions in this district, I have never been found to have violated Rule 11. In civil actions in Clark County, I have never been found to have violated Rule 11.
- (9) I have never filed a complaint that lacks a factual or legal basis. In multiple civil complaints—both state and federal—no judge has ever dismissed a complaint based on a finding of "frivolousness."
- (10) My son, XXXXXXI, has aged-out; therefore, I have no interest in filing more motions in this case. It is my wish that this "D" case be closed.
- (11) When I filed the *Request* on Dec. 24, 2024, I did not intend for the court to schedule a hearing. My pleading templates include a request for hearing. Through inadvertence, this request remained on the pleading filed Dec. 24, 2024. (I offer a *mea culpa* to the court and opposing counsel.)
- (12) As to the other scheduled hearings, these matters have been disposed-of. On Jan. 6, 2025, I filed notices to vacate the matters scheduled for Jan. 30, 2025 and Mar. 11, 2025, which have since been removed from the court's calendar.
- (13) I have a First Amendment right to be litigious. "[L]itigiousness alone would not support an injunction restricting [] filing activities." [*In re Oliver*, 682 F.2d 443 (1982), citing, *Pavilonis v. King*, 626 F.2d 1075, 1079, (1st Cir. 1980); *Ruderer v.*

United States, 462 F.2d 897, 899 (8th Cir. 1972) (per curiam), cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1031 (1972)]. "A pre-filing injunction cannot issue merely upon a showing of litigiousness." [De Long v. Hennessey, 912 F.2d 1144, 1148 (9th Cir.1990)].

- (14) In California, I am now litigating a family-law class action. The putative class is defined as all persons who lost custody of their children, but never had the benefit of "strict scrutiny" analysis. In this California class action, I make the *same* legal arguments that I make in Clark County. Notably, in the class action, the court mentions no vexatiousness. In fact, the parties have been invited to oral arguments—now set for Feb. 10, 2025—in the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals, [*D'Souza vs. Guerrero*, (9th Cir. Case No. 24-2537)].
- (15) The court's OSC contemplates pre-filing restrictions, of which I am unclear. Specifically, the court writes, "these [possible] restrictions include, but are not limited to, requiring him to follow a special procedure before being able to file future complaints, completely barring Todd from filing complaints about certain subjects, and barring Todd from electronically filing documents with the Court," [OSC, at p. 8].
- (16) While this court does have the authority to issue pre-filing restrictions in this "D" case, I believe the court's jurisdiction is limited to matters before the bench—because, *of course*, the court has the inherent ability to control its own proceedings; (but, in any event, I have no intention of filing future motions in this "D" case).
- (17) I believe the court lacks jurisdiction to issue pre-filing restrictions on prospective complaints filed in (i) Eighth District Civil Division, (ii) United States District Court, or (iii) complaints filed in California or other states.
- (18) If the court, *respectfully*, is inclined to issue pre-filing restrictions, *i.e.*, requiring me to get pre-filing approval from the Chief Judge—and if the Chief Judge were to deny a prospective filing—I believe I should have a right to appeal such denial, or otherwise file a writ of mandamus or motion for declaratory relief.
- (19) I believe the court may not issue pre-filing restrictions on complaints that implicate fundamental rights. "[E]ven though courts may, as a general rule, restrict

vexatious litigants' access, constitutional considerations prohibit a complete ban on filings by indigent proper person litigants if the ban prevents the litigant from proceeding in criminal cases and in original civil actions that sufficiently implicate a fundamental right; such orders are impermissible." [*Jordan v. DMV*, 110 P.3d 30, 43 (2005)].

(20) I object to the response filed by Dan R. Waite, Esq., on Jan. 22, 2025, (eight days before the hearing). Though styled as a response, Mr. Waite submitted a proposed order, which in reality, would mean his pleading is actually a motion for an order. I briefly contemplated a motion to strike, but decided against it, (*i.e.*, to avoid making waves). If the court is inclined to consider Mr. Waite's motion and proposed order, I would ask that I be given a full 14 days to respond thereto.

* * *

I hereby declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada the foregoing is both true and correct.

Dated: Jan. 28, 2025 Respectfully Submitted,

T. Matthew Phillips

J. Masthew Philips

Self-Represented